

# Solr Search Engine Bundle

5.4.X >= 5.4.5

Support for Solr Search Engine Bundle when used in eZ Publish 5.4 with legacy is limited, as the legacy integration is done by Netgen's `ezplatformsearch`, a third party community-supported extension.

For instructions on the bundle for eZ Platform, see [Solr Search Engine Bundle in the eZ Platform Developer documentation](#).

Version 1.0.x of Solr Bundle primarily aims to be drop in replacement for Legacy (SQL based) search engine for better scalability and performance (*mainly with field criteria and sort clauses*). And while it also provides better full text search thanks to Solr, more advance search features like Faceting, Spellchecking, plugin system, .. will come in later releases, most for for newer versions of eZ Platform only. See [5.4.5 Release Notes](#) for further info.

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## What is Solr Search Engine Bundle?

`ezplatform-solr-search-engine` as the package is called, aims to be a transparent drop in replacement for the SQL based "Legacy" search engine powering Search API by default. By enabling Solr and re-indexing your content, all your existing Search queries using SearchService, will be powered by Solr automatically. This allows you to scale up your eZ Publish Platform installation and be able to continue development locally against SQL engine, and have test infrastructure, Staging and Prod powered by Solr. Thus remove considerable load from your database so it can focus on more important things, like publishing 😊.

Se [Architecture page](#) for further information on the architecture of eZ Publish Platform and eZ Platform.

## How to setup Solr Search engine

### Step 1: Enabling Bundle

In this step you'll enable the Solr Search Engine Bundle which handles indexing on all updates to Platform stack API, and to handle all search queries going to Search Service.

#### command line

```
composer require --no-update ezsystems/ezplatform-solr-search-engine:~1.0
composer update
```

2. Activate `EzPublishSolrSearchEngineBundle` by adding the following lines to your `ezpublish/EzPublishKernel.php` file:

```
new EzSystems\EzPlatformSolrSearchEngineBundle\EzSystemsEzPlatformSolrSearchEngineBundle()
```

## Step 2: Enabling Legacy extension

Being on 5.x, you'll need to also make sure searches in legacy (*like in admin interface*) is using the new solr search engine, this functionality is provided by `ezplatformsearch` extension made by NetGen.

1. Add/Update composer dependencies:

### command line

```
composer require netgen/ezplatformsearch:~1.1
```

2. Activate extension in `site.ini`, typically `ezpublish_legacy/settings/override/site.ini.append.php`

### site.ini

```
[ExtensionSettings]
ActiveExtensions[]=ezplatformsearch

# Also make sure to comment out or remove any occurrence of other search
engines like ezfind
#ActiveExtensions[]=ezfind
```

## Step 3: Configuring & Starting Solr

Example here is for single core, look to [Solr documentation](#) for configuring Solr in other ways, also see the provided configuration for some examples.

First download and extract Solr, **we currently support Solr 4.10.4**:

- `solr-4.10.4.tgz` or `solr-4.10.4.zip`

Secondly, copy configuration files needed for eZ Solr Search Engine bundle, *here from root of your project to the place you extracted Solr*:

### Command line example

```
# Make sure to change the /opt/solr/ path with where you have placed Solr
cp -R vendor/ezsystems/ezplatform-solr-search-engine/lib/Resources/config/solr/*
/opt/solr/example/solr/collection1/conf/

/opt/solr/bin/solr start -f
```

Thirdly, Solr Bundle does not commit solr index changes directly on repository updates, leaving it up to you to tune this using `solrconfig.xml` as best practice suggests, example config:

### **solrconfig.xml**

```
<autoCommit>
  <!-- autoCommit is here left as-is like it is out of the box in Solr 4.10.4, this
  controls hard commits for durability/replication -->
  <maxTime>${solr.autoCommit.maxTime:15000}</maxTime>
  <openSearcher>false</openSearcher>
</autoCommit>

<autoSoftCommit>
  <!-- Soft commits controls mainly when changes becomes visible, by default we change
  value from -1 (disabled) to 100ms, to try to strike a balance between Solr performance
  and staleness of HttpCache generated by Solr queries -->
  <maxTime>${solr.autoSoftCommit.maxTime:100}</maxTime>
</autoSoftCommit>
```

## **Step 4: Configuring bundle**

The Solr search engine bundle can be configured many ways, here are some examples

### **Single Core example (default)**

Out of the box in eZ Platform the following is enabled for simple setup:

### **ezpublish.yml**

```
ez_search_engine_solr:
  endpoints:
    endpoint0:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: collection1
  connections:
    default:
      entry_endpoints:
        - endpoint0
      mapping:
        default: endpoint0
```

### **Shared Core example**

In the following example we have decided to separate one language as install contains several similar languages, and one very different language that should be receive proper language analysis for proper stemming and sorting behavior by Solr:

```
ezpublish.yml
ez_search_engine_solr:
  endpoints:
    endpoint0:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core0
    endpoint1:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core1
  connections:
    default:
      entry_endpoints:
        - endpoint0
        - endpoint1
      mapping:
        translations:
          jpn-JP: endpoint1
          # Other languages, for instance eng-US and other western languages are sharing
core
  default: endpoint0
```

## Multi Core example

If full language analysis features are preferred, then each language can be configured to separate cores.

*Note: Please make sure to test this setup against single core as it might perform worse than single core if your project uses a lot for language fallbacks per SiteAccess as queries will then be performed across several cores at once.*

```

ezpublish.yml
ez_search_engine_solr:
  endpoints:
    endpoint0:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core0
    endpoint1:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core1
    endpoint2:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core2
    endpoint3:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core3
    endpoint4:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core4
    endpoint5:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core5
    endpoint6:
      dsn: %solr_dsn%
      core: core6
  connections:
    default:
      entry_endpoints:
        - endpoint0
        - endpoint1
        - endpoint2
        - endpoint3
        - endpoint4
        - endpoint5
        - endpoint6
      mapping:
        translations:
          jpn-JP: endpoint1
          eng-US: endpoint2
          fre-FR: endpoint3
          ger-DE: endpoint4
          esp-ES: endpoint5
          # Not really used, but specified here for fallback if more languages are
suddenly added by content admins
          default: endpoint0
          # Also use separate core for main languages (differs from content object to
content object)
          # This is useful to reduce number of cores queried for always available
language fallbacks
          main_translations: endpoint6

```

## Step 5: Configuring repository with the specific search engine

The following is an example of configuring Solr Search Engine, where connection name is same as in example above, and engine is set to be solr:

```
ezpublish.yml
ezpublish:
  repositories:
    main:
      storage:
        engine: legacy
        connection: default # This should be the connection you had from before for
repository
      search:
        engine: solr # One of legacy (default) or solr
        connection: default # If legacy same as storage applies, if solr use same as
you defined in step 3
```

#### Config in 5.4.5 and eZ Platform

In eZ Publish 5.4.5 when installed via composer create-project, the example above is in default config with one small difference (*same as on eZ Platform*). There `search.engine` is set to `%search_engine%`, which is a parameter that needs to be set in `parameters.yml`, and for use with Solr it will need to be set to "solr" as described in `parameters.yml.dist`, and as described above.

## Step 6: Clear prod cache

While Symfony dev environment keeps track of changes to yml files, prod does not, so to make sure Symfony reads the new config we clear cache:

```
php ezipublish/console --env=prod cache:clear
```

## Step 7: Run CLI indexing command

Last step is to execute initial indexation of data:

```
php ezipublish/console --env=prod --siteaccess=<name> ezplatform:solr_create_index
```

#### Known issues

If you have issues using the indexing command there are some known issues and how you resolve them listed in the [5.4.5 Release Notes](#).

## Providing feedback

After completing the installation you are now free to use your site as usual. If you get any exceptions for missing features, have feedback on performance, or want to discuss, join our community slack channel at <https://ezcommunity.slack.com/messages/ezplatform-use/>