

Importing settings from a bundle

The following recipe is valid for any type of settings supported by Symfony framework.

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Description

Usually, you develop your website using one or several custom bundles as this is a best practice. However, dealing with core bundle semantic configuration can be a bit tedious if you maintain it in the main `app/config/ezplatform.yml` configuration file.

Solution

This recipe will show you how to import configuration from a bundle the manual way and the implicit way.

The manual way

This is the simplest way of doing and it has the advantage of being explicit. The idea is to use the `imports` statement in your main `ezplatform.yml`:

app/config/ezplatform.yml

```
imports:
    # Let's import our template selection rules that
    # reside in our custom bundle.
    # MyCustomBundle is the actual bundle name
    - {resource:
"@AcmeTestBundle/Resources/config/templates_rules.yml" }

ezpublish:
    # ...
```

templates_rules.yml, placed under Resources/config folder in AcmeTestBundle

```
# Here I need to reproduce the right configuration tree.
# It will be merged with the main one
ezpublish:
  system:
    my_siteaccess:
      ezpage:
        layouts:
          2ZonesLayout1:
            name: "2 zones (layout 1)"
            template:
"AcmeTestBundle:zone:2zoneslayout1.html.twig"

        content_view:
          full:
            article_test:
              template:
"AcmeTestBundle:full:article_test.html.twig"
            match:
              Id\Location: [144,149]
            another_test:
              template:
"::another_test.html.twig"
            match:
              Id\Content: 142

        block_view:
          campaign:
            template:
"AcmeTestBundle:block:campaign.html.twig"
            match:
              Type: "Campaign"
```

During the merge process, if the imported configuration files contain entries that are already defined in the main configuration file, **they will override them**.

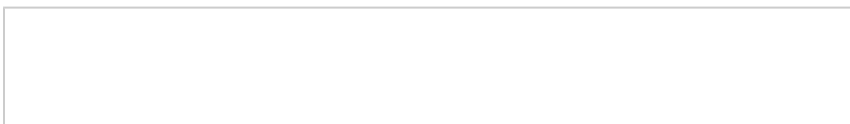
Tip

If you want to import configuration for development use only, you can do so in your `ezpublish_dev.yml`

The implicit way

The following example will show you **how to implicitly load settings to configure eZ Platform kernel**. Note that this is also valid for any bundle!

We assume here that you're aware of [service container extensions](#).



**Acme/TestBundle/DependencyInjection/AcmeTestExtensio
n**

```

<?php

namespace Acme\TestBundle\DependencyInjection;

use
Symfony\Component\DependencyInjection\ContainerBuilder;
use Symfony\Component\Config\Resource\FileResource;
use Symfony\Component\Config\FileLocator;
use
Symfony\Component\DependencyInjection\Extension\PrependE
xtensionInterface;
use
Symfony\Component\HttpKernel\DependencyInjection\Extensi
on;
use Symfony\Component\DependencyInjection\Loader;
use Symfony\Component\Yaml\Yaml;

/**
 * This is the class that loads and manages your bundle
configuration
 *
 * To learn more see {@link
http://symfony.com/doc/current/cookbook/bundles/extension.html}
 */
class AcmeTestExtension extends Extension implements
PrependExtensionInterface
{
    // ...

    /**
     * Allow an extension to prepend the extension
configurations.
     * Here we will load our template selection rules.
     *
     * @param ContainerBuilder $container
     */
    public function prepend( ContainerBuilder $container
)
    {
        // Loading our YAML file containing our template
rules
        $configFile = __DIR__ .
'../../Resources/config/template_rules.yml';
        $config = Yaml::parse( file_get_contents(
$configFile ) );
        // We explicitly prepend loaded configuration
for "ezpublish" namespace.
        // So it will be placed under the "ezpublish"
configuration key, like in ezpublish.yml.
        $container->prependExtensionConfig( 'ezpublish',
$config );
        $container->addResource( new FileResource(
$configFile ) );
    }
}

```

AcmeTestBundle/Resources/config/template_rules.yml

```
# We explicitly prepend config for "ezpublish" namespace
# in service container extension,
# so no need to repeat it here
system:
  ezdemo_frontend_group:
    ezpage:
      layouts:
        2ZonesLayout1:
          name: "2 zones (layout 1)"
          template:
            "AcmeTestBundle:zone:2zoneslayout1.html.twig"

        content_view:
          full:
            article_test:
              template:
                "AcmeTestBundle:full:article_test.html.twig"
            match:
              Id\Location: 144
            another_test:
              template: "::another_test.html.twig"
            match:
              Id\Content: 142

        block_view:
          campaign:
            template:
              "AcmeTestBundle:block:campaign.html.twig"
            match:
              Type: "Campaign"
```

Regarding performance

Service container extensions are called only when the container is being compiled, so there is nothing to worry about regarding performance.

Configuration loaded this way will be overridden by the main `ezplatform.yml` file.